

The Cromwell Gazette

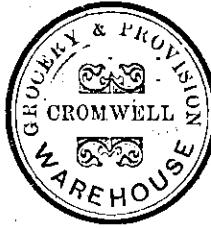
AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE

No. 215, Vol. V.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1873.

[Price 6d.

Cromwell Advertisements



DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL
FAMILY GROCERS,
AND
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Dunedin, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:

Tens of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees not to be surpassed in quality
Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands
Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf
Raisins—Muscate, Sultana, and Elema
Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sauces
Bacon, Cheese, and Butter of prime quality
Tobacco—Imperial Ruby, Twist, Barrett's
Twist, Old Sport, and aromatic
Oil—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene
Candles of the best brands
Soaps—Blue Mottle, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.

Wakatip Oats, Wheat and Chaff
SPIRITS.
Islay Whisky—Arbog's and Long Jones'
Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk
and case
J. D. K. Z. Geneva
Turnett's Old Tom
Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk
Porter—Blood's, Bvass's, and Guinness's
CORDIALS.
Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint,
Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.
Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell prices.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT
ASSORTMENT OF

IRONMONGERY

Beg to call public attention to the following:

Blasting
Powder and
Fuse; Long and
Short handle Shovels;
Picks, Pick Handles, and
Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold
Dishes, Billies: Galvanised Iron
Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and
Brooms; Axes and Handles; Manilla Rope
for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and
Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk;
Washing-boards; Brushware of every
description; Nails; Canvas; Hose
Pipes.—Contracts undertaken
for supplying Mining Co.'s
with Material of all
kinds, on liberal
terms. Free
delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'S
DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,
CROMWELL.

S H A M R O C K S T O R E,
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,
FAMILY GROCER,
GENERAL STOREKEEPER,
is carrying on business at the old-established
premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales,
Melmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

Cromwell Advertisements

B E L F A S T S T O R E,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

VICTORIA STORE, CROMWELL.

L. WRIGHT,
DRAPER, CLOTHIER, HOSIER,
HABERDASHER, AND
GENERAL STOREKEEPER.

I. WRIGHT is now offering an assortment of NEW and CHEAP GOODS, in

DRESS MATERIALS—Prints, Winceys, Alpacas, all-wool Plaids, French Merinos, &c.
Calicoes, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts
Toilet Covers, Matting and Druggetting
Ladies and Children's Underclothing

BABY LINEN.

Also, a well-selected stock of Women and Children's Boots and Shoes, in leather, kid, and cashmere

Ladies and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Ironmongery, Glass, Crockery

Patent Medicines, Fancy Goods

Toys, Jewellery, Cutlery, Stationery

Perfumery, Musical Instruments

Berlin and other Wools

Paperhangings, Brushware

Tobacco and Cigars

and other Goods too numerous to mention.

NEWSAGENT.

J O H N M A R S H.

"VALUE FOR MONEY."

BRIDGE HOTEL,

CROMWELL.

STARKEY'S
KAWARAU HOTEL,
CROMWELL.

Having purchased the above well-known hotel, G. M. STARKEY begs to inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that it will be his study to maintain the high reputation the KAWARAU HOTEL has long since acquired for comfort.

One of Alcock's prize Billiard Tables (quite new.)

Wines and Spirits of the very best quality.

An efficient Groom always in attendance.

Cromwell Advertisement

I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,

GENERAL IMPORTERS,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail *all* the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

Drapery.—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challis, mohairs, winceys, muslins, prints, coburgs Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, lace, trimmings of all kinds

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields

Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed

Feathers, flowers, corsets, chignons, &c.

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

Slop Department.—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and Jain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and sou'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

Boots and Shoes—A splendid assortment, consisting of:

Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvas, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

Groceries and Provisions—Teas, coffees, sugars, candies, soaps, raisins, salmon, &c. &c.

Wines and Spirits—Brandy, rum, whisky, gin; port, sherry; light wines; bitters.

Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.—Anvils, axes, augers, adzes, balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bits, black-lead, bellows, boilers, belstuds, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, coal-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, dippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, gimblets, grindstones, graters, glue, gridirons, gold-blowers, dishes and sieves, grates, grids, guns, glue-pots, hammers (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-holders, kettles, lanterns, locks, ladles, milk-dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pineers, piping, ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, seaming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, soldier, spokeshaves, shot, steelyards, scales, screws, staples, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, tongs, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

Timber and Building Materials.—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber

T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 4, 3, 2, 1, 14 inch; beaded and plain match lining

Quartering, American hardwood, 3x1, 3x14, 3x2, 4x3, 4x6; mouldings, various sizes

Galvanised and painted iron, all sizes; rolled zinc, spouting, brackets, down-piping heads

Screws, nails, locks, hinges, and bolts: doors, glass, raised panel, and plain sashes, all sizes

Paints, Paperhangings, Oils.—Paints of all kinds; white and red lead; black, green, blue, umber, ochre, &c.; Oils—raw, boiled, colza, olive, turpentine, &c.; oak and copal varnish, asphaltum, oak-stain, knotting

Paperhangings—a large assortment of drawing-room, sitting-room, bed-room, hall, passage, and ceiling, various; borderings, all kinds.

Tinware of every description, a large assortment, all kinds.

Kitchen Utensils—Stoves, boilers, saucepans, kettles, &c.

Crockery—a large and well-assorted department.

Lamps, Glassware, Kerosene, Lampware—large assortment.

Furniture, Bedding, &c.—Bedsteads: an assortment of French and stump double, single, and children's bedsteads and cots

Chairs: Ladies, Florence, Lincoln, Fillmore, dining, American wood, spring hair, rocking easy-chairs, in hair, cane, and wood

Commodees, cheffoniers, children's high and low chairs, cane and wood; chests of drawers

Tables: round and square, dining, tea, and dressing, various

Washstands, in cedar and walnut; towel-horses, mahogany, cedar, turned and plain

Sofas, a large assortment, colonial make, with or without backs, pillows, and cushions

Mattresses: feather, hair, flock, fibre, any size; pillows and bolsters, do, do, do.

Leather—Cron, kip, calf, kangaroo, &c., from the Tannery of Michaelis, Hallenstein, and Co

Grindery—a large assortment.

Tobacco and Cigars.—Being direct importers of these goods, buyers can always depend on getting a first-class article.

Tobacco: fancy and aromatic, silver coil, Atlantic cable, old sport, navy, fives, sixes, tens, imperial ruby, gold bar; dark aromatic—tens, bashful lover, little sunshade, monster; Barrett's twist and cut tobaccos; snuff.

Cigars: Trabucos, Havanna, Princess, and Swiss.

Stationery and Books.—Account-books, all sizes and bindings; minute-books, bill-files, blotting-paper, memo books, copying letter-books, copy and exercise books, date-cases, envelopes, all kinds and sizes; elastic bands, footscap (plain and ruled), gum mucilage, ink of all kinds; inkstands, a large variety; letter balances, clips, and files; pass-books

Note and letter paper, white, blue, and mourning; pens of all kinds, pencils, playing-cards, pocket-books, purses, slates, albums, rulers, sealing-wax, tissue-paper, all colours; desks

Books: an assortment of family and pocket Bibles, church services, and prayer-books

Poetical Works of Byron, Moore, Scott, Burns, Milton, Cowper, Cook, Campbell, Loafgellow

Gift books; dictionaries—French, Latin, German, and English; geographies, arithmetics.

Fancy Goods.—A large, choice, and varied assortment.

Patent Medicines.—Large assortment; also, a variety of Horse Medicines.

Perfumery.—"from every flower that breathes a fragrance."

Saddlery.—This department will be found very complete, as all goods are manufactured expressly for us by Alston, of Melbourne.

Bridles, with or without bits; a large assortment of ladies' and gentlemen's, double and single rein, Pelham and snaffle; all prices.

Curry-combs and brushes of all kinds; halter; hobbles, various.

Saddles, ladies' and gentlemen's; demy, stock, green hide, and all-over legskin; various prices.

Saddle-cloths, kersy, felt; saddle-girths, leather, web; saddle straps, spurs of all kinds;

valises, martingales and breastplates, various; stirrup leathers, ladies' slippers and stirrup leathers, crupper, bits, burnisters, headstalls, ladies' worked saddle-cloths.

Spring cart harness complete, dry harness complete, leading sets complete.

Pack saddles, straps, needles, buckles, hemp knives.

Whips, a large variety; jockey whips, silver mounted, green hide; ladies' twigs, various kinds; buggy whips, cart whips, all sizes; stockwhips and handles, thongs of all kinds.

Produce.—Agents for Robertson and Hallenstein, Brunswick Flour Mills, Lake Wakatipu.

We have for sale their silk-dressed Flour, (equal to Adelaide); pollard, bran, oats, wheat, barley, chaff, Garden seeds in great variety.

Cromwell

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD.

JAMES TAYLOR,
Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



&c., &c.,

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the LOWEST PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

A Large Assortment of Paperhangings Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c., Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manila Rope, SADDLERY, &c., cheap.



THE CROMWELL BAKERY,

J. SCOTT,
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,
Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district

K. PREET SCH,
CROMWELL,
COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER,
PAPERHANGER, &c.,

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

THOMAS FOOTE,
TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,
MELMORE TERRACE,
CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COOLCOUGH,
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION AGENT,
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

D. MACKELLAR,
ACCOUNTANT and
GENERAL AGENT.

Star of the East Quartz Mining Company, Registered; Colleen Pawn Quartz Mining Company, Registered; Kawarau Bridge Company (Messrs McCormick, Grant, & Richards).

AGENT for The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Company.

Office: Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Mechanical Drawings furnished.—Specifications prepared



THE CLYDESDALE ENTIRE HORSE,
THANE OF CLYDE,

Will travel this Season in the CROMWELL, CLYDE, and BLACKS Districts.

YOUNG THANE OF CLYDE is by that well-known Sire, Thane of Clyde, imported; dam Kate, imported by W. C. HILL, Esq., Croydon Southland.

YOUNG THANE OF CLYDE is a dark dappled bay, stands 16 hands high, rising 5 years old, has fine symmetry and unequalled action, with a splendid temper.

He travelled last season in the Mataura district, and has proved himself a sure foal-getter.

Terms, £3 10s, payable on the 1st February, 1874; groomage, 5s., to be paid at time of service.

THOMAS GILMOUR,
Proprietor, Clyde.

F. SANSON, SADDLER AND HARNESS-MAKER,

Begs to inform the public that he is carrying on business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr Riven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict attention and moderate charges, to merit the public patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

NEW SUMMER GOODS.

W. TALBOYS,

Having arranged with a Wholesale House in Dunedin to import goods through them direct from the Home Markets, at a small advance, will now be able to sell at about twenty-five per cent. less than usual prices.

The public can therefore make sure of purchasing the

CHEAPEST FANCY DRESSES IN CROMWELL

CHEAPEST PRINTS IN CROMWELL

CHEAPEST MUSLINS IN CROMWELL

CHEAPEST SKIRTS IN CROMWELL

CHEAPEST CALICOES IN CROMWELL

CHEAPEST FLANNELS IN CROMWELL

CHEAPEST STOCKINGS, GLOVES, COLLARS, MUSLIN SETS, &c. &c.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

—IN—

TWEED TROUSERS

TROUSERS AND VESTS

TWEED SUITS

SILK MIXED SUITS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

CRIMEANS, CRIMEANS—JEAN SHIRTS—FLANNEL SHIRTS.

KNITTED AND COTTON PANTS.

ALL THE NEWEST SHAPES IN MEN'S & BOYS' HATS.

BOOTS, IN GREAT VARIETY.

DON'T FORGET THE GREAT DISCOUNT AT

W. TALBOYS'

LONDON HOUSE,
MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

CHEAPEST

DRAPERY AND CLOTHING STORE
IN CROMWELL.

J. SOLOMON,

THE CHEAP DRAPER,

Has opened out permanently in Cromwell with a large and splendid assortment of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON!

Ladies' Bonnets, Trimmed Hats, Silk Jackets, Lace Goods, Shawls, Dress Materials, Costumes, etc., etc.

NOT TO BE EQUALLED IN PRICE OR STYLE
IN CROMWELL!

NO OLD STOCK! ALL PERFECTLY NEW
AND SELECTED FROM THE LATEST
SHIPMENTS!

J. S. can assure his customers and all intending purchasers they have never had such a choice lot of goods to select from in Cromwell.

One trial will convince anyone of the fact.

Men's, Youths', and Boys' Clothing in great variety.

Knickerbocker Suits.

Men's, Youths', and Boys' Straw Hats.

New Stock in Fancy Goods.

New Stock in Boots and Shoes.

New Stock in Crockery and Glassware.

New Stock in Jewellery.

The price of every article will be right, and the goods will positively be sold at a small profit to meet the times.

FRESH STOCK COMING TO HAND REGULARLY.

RECOLLECT—NO HUMBUG!

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING,
under the management of Mrs Solomon.

DON'T FORGET TO COME EARLY AND SEE THE NEW STOCK!

J. SOLOMON.

(Premises lately occupied by Bank of New Zealand.)

DON'T FORGET!

ALL customers purchasing to the amount Five Pounds before BOXING NIGHT
will be presented with a full share gratis in

J. SOLOMON'S GRAND GIFT ART UNION,

consisting of the following valuable prizes:—

LADY'S GOLD WATCH; GENT'S SILVER WATCH; ELECTRO-PLATE TEA AND COFFEE SERVICE; ONE PAIR GOLD EARRINGS; ONE PAIR GREENSTONE EARRINGS; ONE GOLD BROOCH; ONE GOLD CROSS; ONE GENT'S GOLD RING; ONE LADY'S GOLD RING.

THE ABOVE ARE NOW ON VIEW.

Cromwell

Cromwell Veterinary Shoeing Forge,
Next door to Kidd's Cromwell Hotel.

E D W A R D L I N D S A Y,
(Late of Clyde and Melbourne),
GENERAL BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND
MACHINIST,

Begs to intimate to his customers and the general public that he has REMOVED to his NEW PREMISES, next to the Cromwell Hotel, Melmore Terrace, where he will carry on every description of Blacksmith work and Farriery as heretofore.

E. LINDSAY begs to intimate to the Public generally that he has gone to the expense of getting a CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS on a new principle, being the first introduced up-country, which he will guarantee to give general satisfaction; also, that he has made a reduction in the price of Horse-shoeing.

LIGHT SHOES 12s.
DRAUGHT " 17s.

EDWARD LINDSAY,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

J O H N W. T H O M P S O N,
FARRIER AND BLACKSMITH.

J. W. THOMPSON desires to announce to the inhabitants of Cromwell and the District that he has purchased the business lately carried on by Mr JAMES SLOAN as Farrier and Blacksmith. His long practical experience in all branches of the business, combined with moderate charges, will, he trusts, secure him a fair share of public patronage.

T H O M P S O N'S
VETERINARY AND SHOEING FORGE,
CROMWELL.

B EFORE purchasing your WATCHES,
CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on

E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above articles.

As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and MUSICAL BOXES cleaned and repaired.
Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:
NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.



C R O M W E L L B U T C H E R Y
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL).

OWEN PIERCE — PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.



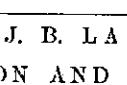
FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS — PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

*Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3d per lb.



J. B. LAKE,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

May be consulted at his Residence,

MURRAY-STREET, CROMWELL.

A R R O W F L O U R M I L L S.

To Ruhholders, Storekeepers, Bakers, and others.

Messrs BUTEL BROS. have much pleasure in announcing that they have appointed D. A. JOLLY & Co., of Cromwell, as their agents for the sale of their SILK-DRESSED FLOUR, BRAN, and POLLARD.

JOLLY & Co. will be prepared to promptly execute orders within a radius of Sixty Miles.

FLOUR GUARANTEED.—TERMS LIBERAL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,

MELMORE STREET CROMWELL,

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.

J. C. CHAPPLE,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

Bannockburn & Carrick Range
STUART'S FERRY,
KAWARAU RIVER.



Main crossing-place between Cromwell and the Nevis for Waggons, Drays, Horses, and Foot passengers.

Children attending School, Free.

THE FERRY HOTEL

Has first-class accomodation for Travellers.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE,
DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,
(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions kept in Stock.

The Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD
AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,
CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD,
Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.



WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,
(Late of Logantown),
GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS,
Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that they have removed to QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT's Carrick Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,
QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,
Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM,
fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE,
with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN COAL PIT

ORDERS for this COAL left with

D. A. JOLLY & CO.

will be punctually executed.

JOHN DOVE.

STUART'S
BANNOCKBURN FERRY COALPIT.

J. STUART, having opened out the seam of Coal previously worked by Messrs NICHOLAS and Co., has to announce to the public that he is prepared to supply COAL at reasonable prices to any part of the district.

The Coal is known to be of first-class quality; and as the pit is in good working order, customers may depend upon a regular supply.

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December 23, 1873.



CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB RACE MEETING.

Friday and Saturday, 26th and 27th December, 1873.

STEWARDS:

MESSRS J. B. LAKE

MESSRS DAVID A. JOLLY

I. LOUGHNAN

ROBERT KIDD

JAMES COWAN

GEORGE M. STARKEY

HANDICAPPER: Mr JOHN WRIGHTSON.

JUDGE: Mr JAMES TAYLOR.

CLERK OF THE COURSE: Mr OWEN PIERCE.

STARTER: Mr JAMES DAWKINS.

PROGRAMME.

FIRST DAY.

MAIDEN PLATE of 30 sovs. For horses that have never won an advertised prize of over 25 sovs. Weight for age. Distance, one mile and a half. Entrance, £2 2s.

GRAND STAND HANDICAP of 60 sovs. Distance, one mile and a half. Nomination, £1 1s.; acceptance, £2 2s.

MINERS' PURSE of 15 sovs. For all untrained horses that have never won an advertised prize of over 15 sovs. Distance, ¾ mile heats. Entrance, 20s. No weight less than 10st. Post entry.

FLYING HANDICAP of 40 sovs. Distance, one mile. Nomination, £1 1s.; acceptance, £1 1s. Winner of Grand Stand Handicap to carry 7lbs penalty.

SELLING STAKES of 25 sovs. Entrance, 30s. Weight for age. The winner to be sold by auction immediately after the race, and any surplus to go to the race fund. The winner to be sold for £25: if entered to be sold for £20, allowed 7lbs; for £15, allowed 14lbs; for £10, allowed 21lbs. Distance, one mile.

Nominations for Grand Stand and Flying Handicaps to be made on 5th December, at 8 p.m. Weights to be declared in CROMWELL ARGUS of 9th and Otago Daily Times of 10th. Acceptances to be handed in at or before 8 p.m. on December 24.

Nominations for Jockey Club Handicap to be made on December 5. Weights to be declared on 26th, and acceptances to be received up till 10 a.m. on 27th December.

General Entries will be received up till 8 p.m. on 24th December.

SECOND DAY.

CROMWELL DERBY: a sweepstake of £4s. h. ft., with £40 added. Second horse to receive 20 per cent. of the stakes. Entrance, £2 2s. on nomination, and balance of sweep, £2 2s., to be made good on night of general entry. Colts, 8st 10lb; fillies, 8st 5lb. Entries closed.

JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP of 100 sovs., with a sweepstake of £3 3s. each. Second horse to receive amount accruing from sweepstake. Distance, two miles. Nominations, £2 2s.; acceptances, £3 3s.

HACK SELLING RACE of 15 sovs. Winner to be sold for £15. Surplus to go to the race fund. For all untrained horses. Distance, one mile. Entrance, 20s. No weight under 9st. Post entry.

STEWARDS' PURSE of 50 sovs. Entrance, £3. Weight for age. The winner to be sold (with his engagements) by auction immediately after the race, and any surplus to go to the race fund. The winner to be sold for £50: if entered to be sold for £40, allowed 7lbs; for £30, allowed 14lbs; for £20, allowed 21lbs; for £10, allowed 28lbs. Distance, a mile and a half.

CONSOLATION HANDICAP of 25 sovs. Distance, one mile. Nomination, 15s; acceptance, 15s.

(if any) of the horse, name of owner, and colours of the rider.

Any jockey riding except in the colours entered will be fined £2.

Five per cent. will be deducted from the gross amount of all stakes for expenses.

Horses walking over will receive 50 per cent. of the stakes.

The Dunstan Jockey Club Rules will be strictly enforced.

Any person entering a protest must deposit £2, and should such be deemed frivolous by the Stewards, the amount will be forfeited.

N.B.—No entries or acceptances will be received on any pretence whatever after the time specified.

WILLIAM MACNAB, SECRETARY.

A CONCERT AND BALL,

with FREE SUPPER,

will be given at

HALLIDAY'S HOTEL,

Bannockburn, on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 24.

Admission, 2s 6d.

Proceeds to be spent by the Committee for a SCHOOL FEAST.

New Advertisements.

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act 1870," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 11th day of January 1874:—Sections 8 and 9, Block I, Town of Cromwell.—BENOIX HALLSTEIN, of Queenstown, merchant, applicant.—1333.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1873, at the Lands Registry Office, Dunedin.

D. F. MAIN,
District Land Registrar.

The usual Sports will take place at the Lowburn on New Year's Day.

EVERYBODY INVITED!
EVERYBODY WELCOME!

HORSE RACING,
FOOT RACING,
PIGEON SHOOTING,
&c. &c. &c.

The Members of the Brass Band have kindly promised their services.—Further particulars in next issue.

JOHN PERRIAM.

CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB.

ANNUAL RACES.

Nominations and acceptances will be received by the Secretary up to 8 p.m. (sharp) on the 24th instant, at DAGE'S CLUTHA HOTEL.

WILLIAM MACNAB,
Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following allotments in the undermentioned Townships will be offered for sale by public auction, on the dates and at places mentioned.—See Gazette, 19th November, for details.

At the Courthouse, Cromwell, on Thursday, the 22nd January next, at noon, Sections in CROMWELL.

At the Courthouse, Cromwell, on Thursday, the 22nd January next, at noon, Sections in BENDIGO.

At the Courthouse, Cromwell, on Thursday, the 22nd January next, at noon, Sections in NEWCASTLE.

At the Courthouse, Cromwell, on Thursday, the 22nd January next, at noon, Sections in PEMEROKE.

At the Courthouse, Cromwell, on Thursday, the 22nd January next, at noon, Sections in GLADSTONE.

KIDD'S CONCERT HALL,
CROMWELL.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

December 26 and 27.

CLIFTON'S ENTERTAINMENT

M R FRED CLIFTON,
The eminent Buffo and Character Singer, from the London and Provincial Concerts.

MISS FANNY SARA,
The charming Ballad, Operatic, and Serio-Comic Vocalist.

Assisted by Mr J. CONNELL,
the Solo-Violinist, and

Master WALTER HYDES, the Juvenile Pianist.

Admission, 4s and 2s 6d.—Doors open at 7.30; to commence at 8 o'clock.

£6 REWARD.—Strayed from Bendigo Gully, TWO HORSES, one a dark bay, branded T on near shoulder, stands 16 hands high; and the other a light bay, branded F G on near shoulder, stands 16½ hands high.

The above reward will be paid on delivery of said horses either at the Cromwell Quartz Mining Company's Battery, Bendigo, or to

THOMAS LOGAN,

Cromwell.

V.  R.

NOTICE.—The following are the days appointed for holding Resident Magistrate's and Warden's Courts for the half-year ending 30th June, 1874, for the Dunstan division of the Otago Gold-fields District:—

CYCLE—every THURSDAY.

CROMWELL—every FRIDAY.

ALEXANDRA—MONDAY, January 5, 19;

February 2, 16;

March 2, 16, 30;

April 13, 27;

May 11, 25;

June 8, 22.

BLACKS—TUESDAY, January 6, 20;

February 3, 17;

March 3, 17, 31;

April 14, 28;

May 12, 26;

June 9, 23.

ROXBURGH—TUESDAY, January 13;

February 10;

March 10;

April 7;

May 5;

June 2.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,

Resident Magistrate and Warden.

N.B.—In consequence of the Christmas and New Year Holidays, no Courts will be held in Cromwell until Friday, January 9.

NOTICE.—I hereby notify that JOHN PERRIAM has applied to the Waste Land Board to purchase the Land at present occupied by him on Run 245, being Section 1, Block II., Cromwell Survey District, and Section 2, Wakefield Survey District, containing 59 acres. Any objections to the granting of said application must be lodged in writing at the District Land Office, Clyde, on or before the 8th day of January 1874.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,

District Officer.

CALCUTTA SWEEPS

on all events

WILL BE DRAWN AT

STARKEY'S KAWARAU HOTEL

TO-MORROW NIGHT,

at 9 o'clock.

T H O M A S S T A N B R O O K ,
AUCTIONEER.

F R I D A Y , D E C E M B E R 2 6 .

At the Racecourse, Cromwell.

Well-bred Saddle Horse.

Messrs EAMES & STANBROOK have received instructions to sell by auction, without reserve, at the Racecourse, immediately after the Selling Race on Friday,

R O M E O ,

grey gelding, nearly thoroughbred, accustomed to side-saddle, quiet, and can be ridden by children with perfect safety.



CROMWELL KILWINNING LODGE (S.C.)

The REGULAR MEETING of the above Lodge will be held on WEDNESDAY, 31st December, at 3 p.m. Business: Installation of Officers. By order of the R.W.M.

N O T I C E .

ALL ACCOUNTS due to the late firm of MATTHEWS & FENWICK must be settled before 1st JANUARY 1874, otherwise legal proceedings will be taken for their recovery.

J. A. MATTHEWS.

Cromwell Argus,
AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1873.

FROM our various exchanges, we now perceive that the reduction in the price of gold has been a universal one throughout the Province. From the silence of most of our contemporaries, we had almost begun to think that the reduction only affected the Cromwell district. We are glad to see that the reduction is general, as it may have the effect of making the miners follow the example set by the banking corporations, and adopt some method of breaking down the monopoly which hitherto has practically existed, with an interval now and again, in the gold-buying business. Now is the time, as one of our correspondents says, for the Miners' Associations to come to the front; now is the time to prove whether they can really work unitedly, and whether they can organize the great body of miners to act in one common cause. They have hitherto, on the whole, been very successful to a certain extent, in influencing the direction of mining affairs in their own particular districts; and they have very successfully gathered representatives together from all parts of the Province to attend Conferences which have had a wholesome effect upon mining legislation. To a certain degree, however, they followed the lead of one dominant Association, and it is only within the last twelve months that District Mining Associations can fairly be said to have had a well-defined existence. Will the Associations fairly meet the assault which has been made upon the mining interest in such an unmistakeable way by the bankers, or will they yield to it, and allow themselves to drift with the current of circumstances? The bankers, by their late action, say as plainly as possible that they will buy the article which the miner has to sell at any price they please; the miner himself is to have no voice in the matter, nor is he to have a word to say as to when the price will be raised or reduced. No explanation will be vouchsafed him as to the reasons for making the alterations, and he will be treated as simply a machine from whom the greatest amount of obtainable profit is to be extracted. The Associations have heard this lately, if not in actual words, in more potential actions: what answer have they to give to it? This season of the year is the most inconvenient one for members of Mining Associations to be brought together to discuss such matters, as their individual attention is either required at their claims, or they are dispersing or dispersed for their hard-earned annual holiday; but we trust that some definite and united action will be arrived at before the close of another month.

One or two proposals for a combination on the part of the miners have been put forward already for the consideration of

the various Associations; but as these have not yet had time to be considered throughout the Province, we do not think it advisable to discuss the propriety or practicability of them. Other proposals will doubtless be made and duly discussed. Of one thing we are certain, and we cannot too often insist upon it: whatever proposal is assented to by the majority, let it be faithfully adhered to, and it will ultimately be successful in breaking down the combination of the banks in the matter of gold-buying. It may not appear to some to be the shortest method of reaching the desired consummation, but it is better to go the long road to one's destination than to sit down by the wayside and not travel at all. For the very reason, however, that we have mentioned,—namely, the necessity of united action,—we would in the strongest terms deprecate any such action as that proposed and adopted by the public meeting of the miners at the Bannockburn last week. The first proposition made and carried we can do no other than cordially recommend to the earnest attention of all in this district who are interested (and who are not?) in the prosperity and advancement of the mining interest. Time after time, by private individuals and by public bodies, the establishment of a Government assay office in Dunedin has been advocated, and there can be no doubt it would help in a great measure to secure to the miner the exact thing which is wanted,—the standard value of the gold which he produces. It was right to add as a rider to the proposition that a petition should be drawn up and presented to the Government, praying that the miners should be assisted by them in reaching this desirable end. When it becomes apparent that it would be a good thing to establish and encourage a sugar refinery, a paper mill, a whale-fishery, or a woollen cloth manufactory, the Government without any hesitation steps in and offers a bonus of one, two, or even ten thousand pounds to induce people to embark in these businesses. What more reasonable, then, than that they should assist in simply protecting an industry like gold-mining, which, let woolgrowers talk as they like, has been the industry which first gave New Zealand the real start in the race of nations? Reasonable, we said; nay, it has reached the point when it is imperative on the part of the Government to step in and see that justice is done. All the miners in the Province can see the propriety of united action in regard to the first proposition. With the second one, however, we cannot at all agree. It is evidently based upon the proposal brought forward at the Cromwell Miners' Association by Mr Colclough, to the effect that all the miners in the Province combine to sell their gold to one particular bank. The intention beyond a doubt is to support the meaning of Mr Colclough's resolution. Why, then, not wait until the resolution had a chance of being discussed, and either accepted or rejected by the miners of the Province,—till a special time had been appointed by the united Associations for deciding the matter if they should think it worthy to be entertained at all? Why, indeed, not wait till it would be seen whether some Association or other would not bring forward some even better plan than that proposed by Mr Colclough? The miners at the Bannockburn have been too hasty in this matter. Their action may be interpreted as a desire to lead all the Associations;—an interpretation which might be the thin edge of the wedge which would eventually lead to discord. By all means, if they choose, let it stand as an expression of their opinion as to which bank should be supported in the case of one bank being chosen by the united miners in the Province; but let it by no means be put forward as the ultimatum of one particular district. This is the light in which it is viewed at present by the miners in districts outside of our own, and in other portions of our own district. When the united Associations consider the question of some common action being taken against the combination of the banks, it may be, if they favourably entertain the suggestion of the Cromwell Miners' Association, that the majority will be found to be in favour of supporting a bank that is at present practically in the position of a thirdsmen,—namely, the National Bank, which, we may mention, was buying gold until lately at the rate of £3 16s. 3d. per ounce.

Contractors are reminded that tenders for the various sections of the Cardrona track must be in on Monday first, 29th inst.

Mr M'Nulty's hotel, furniture, waggons, horses, &c., will be disposed of by Messrs Eames and Stanbrook to-morrow, at the Roaring Meg.

Our Bannockburn friends particularly are reminded of the concert and ball which takes place at Halliday's to-morrow evening. The proceeds are for the benefit of the school children, we understand.

The miners at Clunes are determined not to be ruined by "Chinese cheap labour," at any rate, as may be seen by the telegrams published in our sixth page. All the papers we have seen commend them for the stand they took in the matter.

The native disturbance on the West Coast of the North Island, reported in our telegraphic news last week, is now discovered, according to some of our exchanges, to have been only an annual event which takes place about some trumpery piece of land. The killed and wounded are summed up as "nil."

A Reefton telegram of December 18th says:—"A public crushing company has been formed, with a capital of £10,000, in 20,000 shares; 30,000 applied for in twenty-four hours. Splendid stone has been struck in the Golden Ledge; shares advanced 100 per cent. in two hours. Claims have greatly advanced in value since the formation of the crushing company."

Last week's Gazette announces that the following lands have been thrown open for occupation under the deferred payment system:—6000 acres at Waipahe; 2635 acres at Glenorchy; 5000 acres at Waikaka and Chaton; 1500 acres at Lower Hawea (run 236); 2500 acres at Highlay; and 2582 acres at Teviot.—The Hawea land will be open for occupation on the 17th February 1874.

The postmaster of German Bay, Akaroa, has (says the *Lyttelton Times*) for the public convenience, a letter-box placed along the public road. A vagrant swarm of bees, one day last week, thought the box would suit their convenience, and without consulting either postmaster or public took up their abode within. The astonishment of the postmaster, and the trouble of dislodging what were not Her Majesty's mails, can be better imagined than described.

Margaret Ann Wilson, *alias* Mitchell, *alias* Stoy, was arrested at Invercargill, on the 13th inst., on a charge of having committed bigamy at Cromwell in June of last year. Sergeant Fleming, in giving evidence before Mr McCulloch, R.M., said: "At first she denied being the person in question, but she soon admitted the charge, and said she would like the case to be heard at Invercargill, so as to put the person charging her to all possible expense. Her second husband, Charles Stoy, a German, was with the prisoner when I arrested her. Prisoner told me that she was married to Stoy, and also that she had her marriage certificate with her." She was remanded to Cromwell, and yesterday she was brought up here before James Corse, Esq., J.P., and remanded to Clyde for 48 hours.

We heard last week with much pleasure that Mr McCormick had been successful in getting across one of the girders of the bridge above the Nevis ferry. The work was attended with great difficulty and danger, as there was a succession of violent gales during the last fortnight, and operations were much retarded in consequence. It was fortunate that extra precautions had been taken to carry the girder safely over; for some of the slings upon which the weight came gave way, and it was only the reserve slings which saved the work from being destroyed, and probably the loss of one or two lives. Mr McCormick, we believe, means to build the other two girders from the one which is now across, and do away with the trouble and expense of carrying them across. Messrs Turnbull and Bastings visited the works on their road to Queenstown from Cromwell, and expressed great satisfaction at the progress of the works, and the manner in which they been done.

In consequence of the near approach of Christmas the town and its surroundings have presented an unusually animated appearance for the last few days. Many parties have already made their Christmas washings-up, and a sensible increase in the currency of the realm has been felt by all parties in consequence. The annual meeting of the Cromwell Jockey Club, which takes place on Friday and Saturday, has also had its share in causing a little bustle. The most of the horses about to take part in the forthcoming meeting are now in the various stables and loose-boxes most frequented by patrons of the turf, and are daily watched and lovingly admired, and vice versa, by enthusiastic horsey people. On no day of the present week will some excitement be lacking. To-day is and to-morrow will be busy, for these are, for practical business purposes in a gold-fields town, the closing days of the year 1873: the results of the washings-up have to be disposed of, and the year's accounts squared up. After that, comes Christmas; and after that the great carnival—the annual race-meeting.

The remark made by Mr Bastings while in Cromwell recently, that it would be a good thing if the Provincial Councils could all be sent round the country to visit places and see things for themselves, deserves a slight notice. All up-country members of the Council will confirm the statement, we think, that the great difficulty which meets them in their advocacy of purely country interests is the ignorance which generally prevails in the Council as to what the "country" and its inhabitants really are like. Not knowing the country, and not knowing the people who inhabit it, how shall they be able to provide for their requirements? It was not at all a bad notion on the part of some of the country members last year to hold a sitting of the Council at Queenstown, or some other "country" place. The members would necessarily learn much to their geographical advantage,—at any rate the shape and nature of the country for which they legislate and provide. If the sitting could further be arranged, as it was last time, to take place in the middle of winter, the members would return home (if they were fortunate enough) sadder and wiser men. They would never have the fire to again vote the miserably inadequate sums they sometimes do for up-country roads.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

DUNEDIN.

TUESDAY, 9 a.m.

The English mails brought by the Albion were delivered on Saturday.

A deputation from the Dunedin Presbytery waited on the Superintendent on Saturday, and urged upon him the necessity of the Government stopping Sunday traffic on railways. His Honor promised to lay the matter before the Government.

A fire was discovered at the rear of Prince of Wales Hotel early yesterday morning. Circumstances most suspicious. An enquiry was held yesterday, and adjourned till Monday next.

Port Chalmers also had a narrow escape from a serious fire on Friday night. One small house was burnt, when the fire was fortunately extinguished.

Major Gordon inspected the Dunedin Artillery on Saturday. Only about eighteen members were present, and at the conclusion of inspection he recommended the battery to disband themselves, or, when his report went in, Government would probably do it.

An inquest was held yesterday on the man Beamish, who was drowned on Tuesday last in the harbour. The body was found at Grant's Braes yesterday. Verdict given of "Accidental Death."

At Groper's Bush, near Riverton, on Saturday, a man named Doldis was found dying on the road. A wagon loaded with goods had passed over his head, which was frightfully smashed. He died same evening.

The Governor is expected to arrive at the Water of Leith about four o'clock this afternoon. He will hold a levee to-morrow.

Mr Charles Reid, by considerable majority, has been appointed Secretary Standard Insurance Company.

The Palmerston Races took place on Saturday. For the Maiden Plate, Faugh-a-ballagh, a Master Rowe colt, started favourite, but he bolted, and the race was won by Let her Rip. The Palmerston Handicap, 50 sovs., was won by Maid of the Mill, beating Novice and Verbena by half a neck. Faugh-a-ballagh made amends for his previous performances by winning the Settlers' Purse. The only other race worth mentioning was the Shag Valley Cup, won by Medora.

QUARTZ MINING MEMORANDA.

BENDIGO.

The manager of the Lucknow Company reports that the tunnel presents no features worthy of comment, unless the fact that the water has increased, which leads to the hope that the reef is not far distant. This was once the case before, when the tunnel, as afterwards proved to be the case, was nearing the leader which was struck.

From the Cromwell Quartz Mining Company it is reported that they are busy raising stone of the very best kind, as was proved by the result of the last crushing. The yield was 446 ozs. from exactly 86 tons. Last week, on hasty information, it was set down as about 80 tons. The error was trifling, but it is well to correct it. Before Christmas another cleaning up will take place, and the result is expected to fall not far short of 500 ounces.

The Reliance Company have now sunk their shaft to a depth of about ninety feet. The ladder is completed, and the work is being prosecuted vigorously. As was anticipated by the shareholders, the reef has got very thin, but this is by no means looked on as an unfortunate sign. The walls could not possibly be better defined, and great hopes are entertained of striking a better and gold-bearing reef at no great distance lower down.

CARRICK RANGE.

The manager of the Elizabeth Company reports that the prospects of the company continue to improve. There appears no doubt that a permanent improvement in the quality of the stone has taken place; and although the actual result of the present crushing will not be known till Wednesday or Thursday next, there is no doubt, from the appearance of the tables, that a most satisfactory result will ensue.

The manager of the Heart of Oak Company reports that he is now driving on the line of the reef from the Welcome shaft. When he first started there were well-defined walls, but no quartz. After driving some twenty feet, he came upon a leader about three inches in thickness, which still continues and gives him good hopes of recovering the reef after getting farther into the hill at the north end of the claim.

The manager of the Star of the East reports that the tunnel at the low level is now in about 342 feet. The present contractors have only about eight feet to drive to finish their contract, which was for 350 feet. The ground still continues very hard, and a foot per day is the very utmost that can be got through. The manager believes that this very hard bar (the same that the Welcome shaft was sunk through) has cut and bent all the strata in its course, and he thinks that on getting through the bar, the reef or leader will be found running down, at the same inclination with it. The same hard bar, or a similar one, runs through the Oak, and seems to have cut off everything in its course in that claim. Until the tunnel gets in, the manager is keeping his number of hands as low as possible, as stone will be got at so much less cost through the tunnel.

One of the Young Australian Company reports that they will finish crushing a lot of about 200 tons at the Star and Oak battery on Monday (yesterday). This company can now raise a large quantity of stone, and if carting and crushing could be done a little cheaper than at present, for the next few months they could nearly keep a machine

going. The stone is not expected to be very rich, but it is thought to be good payable stuff.

The Leader company, whose claim adjoins the Young Australian, have about fifty tons at grass, ready for crushing. The reef in the tunnel put in by the company is now eighteen inches wide, and the stone looks very well. They intend to get a crushing as soon after the holidays are over as possible.

The Try Again Company have all but finished a crushing of fifty or sixty tons, (the exact quantity is not known,) at the Royal Standard battery. After they have finished, and after the holidays, it is supposed the stuff from the Vale of Avoca will be crushed.

The low level in the Caledonian is still being pushed ahead. The ground now and for some time has been favourable for driving, and good progress has been made. A leader eight inches thick has been cut through, but whether it leads to the main reef, or whether it is only a blow, is not known. The proprietor of the claim, Mr Stephenson, will not yet put in any cross-drive to cut the main reef. He is quite satisfied it is within a few feet of the tunnel, and does not wish to break up the ground till he has got in a good distance.

From the John Bull there is nothing of any great consequence to report regarding the present workings. The company are getting out stone. A considerable amount of dissatisfaction is being expressed by the shareholders at the fact that notwithstanding the last crushing yielding nearly 150 ounces it should be found necessary to make a call in order to clear the company.

The Colleen Bawn Company's claim is protected at present till the holidays are over, and till the company can determine the best method of developing the mine. There are a number of tons of very good stuff at grass in the meantime, but nothing will be done with it till the general meeting takes place. The company has been very backward for some time, and it is thought well to make a fair start once more.

CARRICK WATER COMPANY.—The manager reports that the race is now within a stone's throw of the first branch of Long Gully. There is one very difficult place to get over, however, before getting the water along, which will probably cost £100 to finish. After that it will be necessary to go about 300 or 400 yards further to get in all the branches of Long Gully creek, through tolerably fair ground. The portion first cut this season has been cleared of rock, and prepared fit to carry water as soon as this creek is arrived at; in fact, a small quantity of water is now running about a mile along it, but being but a very small quantity, the natural soaking gradually lessens it until it is all absorbed at that distance. The race stands very well as far as the water has run, without any sign of breakage. There will now be about ten and a half miles completed from the Pipeclay saddle. About three weeks or a month at the furthest should bring the works to the Long Gully creek, in which there are at present about five heads of water, and the available water will be immediately turned down the race. Of course, after the water gets in, it is not to be expected that it will be brought along the race at once without some labour and possible breakaways; if it is, it will be more than has ever yet been done. When the water is brought in, there will be no difficulty in getting rid of it, as there are numerous applications for portions of it already.

THE CROMWELL RACES.

I think some of your readers may want a bit of racing news, so, as I have a few spare minutes, I may let them know my opinion on the Handicaps, and they can please themselves whether they follow the advice or no.

For the Grand Stand Handicap I expect we will see Tambourini and Atlas fight their Taapeka battle over again, but I trust without the jostling. Malabar and M

KAWARAU GORGE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

December 22, 1873.

The near approach of the "merry Christmas time" brings with it the usual pleasant business of "washing up" in most of the claims here. Although the quantity of gold obtained is, in almost every case, kept a profound secret amongst the partners, from hints dropped in different quarters, I can gather that results have been in every case satisfactory.

Our mining population are now making preparations to use the water for stripping purposes to the greatest advantage; so as to have time to spare for the usual festivities without losing the water when most required.

The traffic is turned on the diversion of road just completed by Redhead and party. The gravel appears to bind well, and with the underlying metal and the correct formation bids fair to stand the wear and tear of many a winter. This party have commenced sluicing operations in their lower claim, and are also diverting another section of road of a claim they hold farther up the river. This is a very heavy speculation, as the new line of road is almost entirely covered with large rocks, amongst which the drill and jumper must be constantly kept going.

The Kawarau Gorge school was broken up for the Christmas vacation on Saturday last. A slight examination of the scholars was held the same day by Mr G. Burrows, assisted by some members of the School Committee, at which a greater proficiency was shown than could have been expected, considering the short time the school has been established. In reading especially, the cleanliness and correctness of enunciation exhibited by some of the scholars was especially marked, and shows that great pains had been taken with this important branch. A few prizes, consisting of books, &c., were awarded with evident satisfaction to all. Besides the gentlemen above-mentioned, a few ladies were present, who took great interest in the proceedings. The schoolhouse was very nicely decorated with evergreens, &c., and with the fresh, healthy faces and good behaviour of the pupils, formed a very interesting scene.

CASUAL NOTES.

BY VIATOR.

It is strange that the inconsistency of human nature should lead us to devote those periods of time most calculated to remind us of Time's lapse, to rejoicing and festivity; yet so it is, and the general practice of mankind is to hold all anniversaries merrily. Christmas is still,

"Christmas, the joyous period of the year." Its time-honoured practices are not wholly extinct: even antipodean appetites crave for the traditional roast beef and plum-pudding of our father's land, climate notwithstanding. But then Christmas was and always will be a time when the heart is apt to get the better of the more sober judgment. On all sides, the notes of preparation are already heard. "Will you take your Christmas feed with me?" &c., is a general form of invitation at this season; and if its politeness is not all that could be desired, an excuse may be readily found in its hearty geniality. Not being dyspeptically inclined, and, as Dr Johnson said, "Sir, I like to dine," I hope to avail myself of the general hospitality; and I trust that all classes, even the poorest, who, as somebody sings,

Hardly all the year,

Had bread to eat or rags to wear, may be similarly treated. And to complete the philanthropic idea, let me wish your readers one and all a Merry Christmas.

I saw lately in the English news, "that the idea of a general strike haunted the minds of the people on the continent." I wonder if our bank managers have seized on the idea with a view to strengthen the movement. The strikes of the tinkers, the tailors, the bakers or sailors, are matters of no great surprise, as we might expect that these down-trodden workers would naturally wish to share in "the increasing prosperity" of all things colonial in these good times. But it is really a matter of wonderment that such respectable institutions as our long-established and flourishing banks should be guilty of "going out" on the price of gold, at such a time and in such a despicable manner. Haugh! They originally fixed and maintained the rate paid for gold, —certainly not a losing one,—and now, without warning or explanation to the miners, and in the teeth of a reduced gold duty, they make a serious reduction. They seem to arrogate to themselves a higher power than belongs to mundane institutions; "they give and they can take away." But I trust the miners, by a resolute and combined effort, will prove to them the fallacy of such a belief. Had they only waited until after Christmas before issuing their ultimatum, the blow would not have been so severe. But they know that the miners, as, indeed, most people—requires current coin of the realm at the close of the year. Thus his misfortune is their opportunity, and I am sorry to see it has been mainly taken advantage of by our money-changers,—who, I will believe after this, belong to the same persuasion as the devout Israelite who said that "Monish is the true god, and shent per shent hish profit." Cannot our Mining Associations evolve a cure for this evil? Any action taken in the matter will be strongly supported by the mining community, and I am sure the voice of the general public will be found on our side. If the banks will persist in this bare-faced robbery, there are no legal restrictions to prevent us from uniting for mutual protection. The co-operation of

merchants and storekeepers should be sought, and with their aid, the miners ought to be able also to "go out" in opposition to the imposition of the banks. Mr Vogel promised to negotiate with the Victorian Government for the establishment of a branch Mint in New Zealand. This would doubtless be the remedy, and the idea is excellent; but I am afraid its realisation, like that of many of this gentleman's dreams, is yet far off. Be that as it may, something must be done, and quickly, or the mining industry will totter from this and other rude shocks lately administered. The miner, like the camel, is a patient and long-suffering animal, but it is just possible the traditional straw may produce the same sad consequences in his case.

The time is drawing near for the yearly renewal of the publicans' licenses, and an opportunity will arrive for testing the working of the new Act. I was under the impression that the prohibitory clauses had been entirely thrown out—(those dreadful newspapers again!)—but on perusing Mr Fox's address to "the people of New Zealand" on the subject of his hobby, I found that the permissive veto on the granting of licenses is vested in two-thirds of the adult population of any district; the *modus operandi* being the presentation of a petition from the aforesaid adults—male and female, with the signatures duly attested,—against the granting of a license or licenses. This will, I am afraid, render the proposed concession practically inoperative. I am of opinion that the Quixotic age has passed, and few, if any, persons will be found sufficiently in earnest to undertake the feat of "belling the cat." A "round robin" would not, I suppose, be quite *en règle*; and so, what is possibly everybody's business will turn out to be nobody's business; and "hotels" will continue to flourish throughout the length and breadth of the land. By some singular coincidence of thought I find that Mr Fox holds, a somewhat similar opinion upon the whole question of grog-selling to that expressed by me in a former communication. He says he is "little hopeful of any improvement, till the whole power of regulating the liquor traffic in all its branches is placed in the hands of the people." Just so; I opine the "sovereign people" have a perfect right, in these democratic times, to demand this power; and as Cap'n Cuttle remarked, "If so, wherefore, why not?"

DUNEDIN NOTES.

By O. P. Q.

December 18, 1873.

The expected arrival of his Excellency the Governor is causing no little stir in Dunedin, and notwithstanding his request that no fuss should be made over him, preparations are being made to receive him in a manner worthy of his high position as the representative of her Majesty the Queen. The framework of a large arch already spans the roadway through the Octagon, and when it receives its covering of leaves and flowers it will give a very different appearance to that generally dead-and-alive part of the city. Sir James Fergusson comes to Otago having the good wishes of its inhabitants, and with the knowledge that his sensible views on Colonial affairs since his arrival in New Zealand have earned for him a very general liking and respect. His early visit to this Province contrasts favourably with the dilatoriness of former Governors in this respect, Otago as a rule having hitherto been one of the last Provinces visited by the representative of royalty. It is only natural, therefore, that some little demonstration should be made on his arrival. It is very gratifying to know, however, that His Excellency will not be much troubled with the "address nuisance," which is generally carried to such an absurd length on occasions of the sort. Sir James is now on his way, so that in a few days we may expect his arrival.

Our community has been sorely exercised of late on the question of drainage, and a largely attended meeting was held in the new drill-shed in the early part of the week, the Mayor (who presided) and all the Councillors being present. As is usual, the question at issue could not be discussed without a number of our prominent citizens having a fling at each other, and introducing entirely irrelevant personal matters into their remarks. The public mind seemed to be pretty equally divided on the two schemes of underground and surface drainage, and various motions and amendments were proposed and discussed. It was finally resolved, on a motion proposed by Mr Sherwin, that the resolution of the Corporation to spend some £10,000 on drainage works should be confirmed by the meeting, it being considered it would be inadvisable to wait any longer without some steps being taken to remedy the defective drainage in one or two of the wards of the city. Considering the rapid strides Dunedin is making, and the large amount of land which is being and still remains to be reclaimed, it seems to me that the views expressed by one or two of the speakers that a general survey of the whole city should be made by a scientific competent person, and a thorough system of drainage organised for the whole city, should have been adopted by the meeting without any further immediate outlay being sanctioned.

Dunedin was visited by a very severe thunderstorm last Sunday. The rain came down in torrents nearly all afternoon, and the hailstones which fell during a portion of the storm were of an unusually large size. Following the clerk of the weather's performances of Sunday we were treated to a very severe squall on Tuesday afternoon. The gusts of wind were very violent, and did damage in various parts of the city. The

most serious result of the storm, however, was the drowning of a young man in the bay about three o'clock. In company with a mate he had gone out in a small boat to collect a lot of palings which had been blown off one of the jetties. They ventured out with only one oar, and being unable to manage the boat, she drifted broadside on to the waves and capsized, with the unfortunate fatal result I have mentioned. Up to the present the body has not been recovered.

A meeting convened by circular issued by his Worship the Mayor was held a day or two since in the City Council Chambers, with the object of forming a committee to take in hand the getting up a banquet to the Hon. the Premier, who is at present on a visit to Otago. An influential committee was formed, and a grand banquet arranged to take place some time next week. Mr Vogel is also to have presented to him a piece of plate in recognition of the important services he has rendered the Colony. The affair will doubtless be a grand success, as every one you meet now-a-days seems to speak in terms of praise of the Premier, and those who intend to be at the banquet seem very numerous.

CROMWELL ATHENÆUM.

A special meeting of the Athenæum Committee was held on Friday evening, to consider the offer made by Mr B. R. Baird to advance the sum of £450 for four years at ten per cent. per annum, for the purpose of building an Athenæum-hall. All the members of the Committee, with the exception of Mr Baird, were present. Before introducing the special business of the evening, the President informed the Committee that the deputation appointed by them at last meeting had waited upon Messrs Turnbull and Bastings in reference to several matters which affected the interests of the Athenæum; and amongst other things, as bearing upon the present business in hand, he stated that the sum of £150, the subsidy voted by the Government, was available for building purposes the moment the Committee chose to apply for it. The amount of funds in the Bank to the credit of the building being £187, and the proposed offered loan being £450, the Committee in discussing the business could fairly assume that they could command £800.

After some discussion it was resolved: "That this meeting considers that the time has now arrived, when the work of building an Athenæum-hall should be proceeded with; and that plans and specifications for such building be procured, the estimated cost being not less than £800."

The question of site was then discussed at great length. The first proposition on the subject was, "That the block known as sections 3, part of 4, 38, and 39, of block III., be chosen as a suitable site for the erection of an Athenæum-hall."

An amendment was then proposed, "that the section on which the Town-hall at present stands be considered a more suitable site on which to erect the Athenæum-hall, provided, on examination, that the land be considered safe for the erection of a stone building."

On being put to the meeting the original proposition was carried.

The offer of Mr Baird was then considered, to lend £450 for the period of four years at 10 per cent., wherupon Mr Marsh, on behalf of Mr J. Cassels, offered to advance the sum of £500 for the same period at 9 per cent. It was agreed to give the President and Secretary full power to arrange the matter with either of the gentlemen making the offer.

The other business consisted of routine matters; the procuring of a seal, plans and specifications for the building, &c.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

(From the Dunedin dailies.)

A U S T R A L I A N.

MELBOURNE, December 11.

There was a miners' riot at Clunes. The Lothair company refused the small concessions demanded, and proceeded to bring Chinese labour from Ballarat. A thousand miners, armed with pick-handles, erected a barricade at the toll-gate outside the town. When the coaches containing the Chinese, guarded by the mounted and foot police, appeared, the men at the barricade saluted them with a volley of stones. The police behaved gallantly, but the miners, assisted by their wives, obstinately opposed them, and the police retreated, escorting the Chinamen and coaches back to Ballarat. The miners had a conference with the mine-owners subsequently, and an amicable arrangement is likely to be made. Meanwhile, a large body of armed police has been sent to Clunes.

There have been more murders and suicides during the past week than were ever before known in the same period.

An alluvial gold-field has been discovered in the Northern Territory at Howley Creek.

Large bush fires have destroyed a great extent of station property in South Australia.

December 13.

The riot at Clunes has amicably terminated. The Government exhibits no disposition to proceed against the rioters.

The All England Eleven will be present today at the Melbourne cricket ground.

There are now six claimants to Buckley's estate, which is worth £30,000.

SYDNEY, December 12.

The Rev. Dr West, editor of the *Herald*, was seized with a fit whilst returning from the office in his carriage last night, and died within a few hours after.

700 tons of ore have been received from tin mines last month.

The cricketers were received at the steamer, and brought into town in a coach-and-four. All are in good health.

The Iron King, emigrant ship, is ashore at Adelaide, from London. The passengers were all saved.

The New Zealand iron ores are attracting great attention.

Mr Parker, solicitor, was arrested on Sunday on a charge of forgery. He dropped dead on reaching the lock-up.

An official report confirms the reported find of a diamond at Tabargora.

Mr Richard Brownlow, the crack shot, died suddenly from the effects of a sunstroke received during the intercolonial firing.

A resident at Balmain has been committed for trial for leaving a well open, by which a boy lost his life.

E U R O P E A N.

SUEZ MAIL SUMMARY.

LONDON, October 31.

A prospectus has been issued of the New Zealand Land Improvement Company; capital, half a million; first issue, quarter million. One feature of the scheme is to make advances to land-purchasers at interest on mortgage, to enable the erection of farm buildings and other improvements.

The French Monarchs are strongly opposed by the Imperialists and Republicans, under Thiers and Gambetta. Rentes rise with the hopes of the Monarchs. The President is severely neutral.

In view of the state of French affairs, the German fortifications are being pushed on with amazing rapidity.

The Austrian Emperor visits St. Petersburg in January.

The Italian convents are being bought up by the Government.

It is contemplated supplying the army on the Gold Coast with Australian preserved meats.

Stokes, who shot Fisk in New York, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment.

Re the Californian service, the "Anglo-Australian in London" says one month the steamer leaving San Francisco will proceed to Sydney, and the next month will proceed to Auckland. The time calculated upon is, ten days from London to New York, seven days to San Francisco, twenty-eight from San Francisco to Sydney, and five days to Auckland, including time employed in calling at Honolulu, and in the transhipment of cargo and passengers at Kandava. The projectors look upon this as an outside limit of time, and they believe that when the line between New York and San Francisco is put into better working order they will be able to complete arrangements by which the mail service may be conducted within, say, forty days.

Dr and Misses Featherston dined recently with the Lord Mayor of London at the Mansion House.

In the Bazaine Court-Martial, Lachaud, for the defence, read letters from Prince Frederick Charles, who said he never saw Bazaine until after the capitulation of Metz. He esteemed his energy in delaying capitulation. The Judges unanimously recommended Bazaine to mercy.

CABLE TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, December 6.

General Wolsely describes the Ashantees as utterly demoralised after their late defeats.

The Pope has issued an Encyclical, which censures the German and Swiss Governments.

The Captain-General of Cuba telegraphed to the Government of Madrid that it is impossible immediately to surrender the survivors of Virginia's expedition to America. The public are opposed to it, and an attempt would cause frightful commotion. The Captain-General has since resigned.

President Grant's message to Congress is friendly. It denounces the misrule and excesses of the Cubans, with whom it is dangerous to continue relations. On the Virginia question, it demands satisfactory and honourable adjustment.

December 9.

General Wolsely, Commander-in-Chief on the Gold Coast, is ill.

John Tine, who gave evidence in the Tichborne case, is a former convict. His prosecution for perjury is ordered.

December 10.

The Spanish authorities have decided upon the surrender of the Virginia, and the survivors of the expedition, on December 18.

Dr Berggren, the Swedish botanist, left on a scientific expedition to New Zealand.

Dr Featherston has been on an emigration tour in the North.

In the course of next month 2000 Germans and Scandinavians will be sent to New Zealand, after which German emigration will cease.

PARIS, December 10.

Marshal Bazaine has been adjudged guilty by the Court-Martial of the charges brought against him, and condemned to death and military degradation.

Holloway's Pills.—Good Digestion.—Holloway's Pills are universally acknowledged to be the safest, speediest, and best corrective for indigestion; loss of appetite, acidity, flatulence, and nausea are but few of the inconveniences which are remedied with ease by these purifying pills. They strike at the root of all abdominal ailments, they excite in the stomach a proper secretion of gastric juice, and regulate the action of the liver, thereby promoting a copious supply of pure, wholesome bile, without which there can be no good digestion. These pills remove all distension and obstruction, and from their harmless composition are peculiarly well adapted for delicate persons and young children.

RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1873.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

William Shears was charged with drunkenness. A fine of 5s. was imposed; failing payment of which, twenty-four hours' imprisonment.

A hawkers-license was granted to Reuben Isaacs.

Kem Yung Fong's application for a wholesale license was granted. The grant was actually a renewal of an old license.

R. E. Dagg's application for a temporary license at the race-course was granted.

CIVIL CASES.

A. RITCHIE v. MARTIN WILSON.—Claim £15 13s. 8d. The accounts not having been rendered in detail, plaintiff was non-suited.

W. H. WHETTER v. SKYTHIES.—Claim £3 9s. 6d. Debt was acknowledged. Judgment was given for amount, and costs.

SCOTT v. PHILLIP.—The Magistrate in this case gave judgment that the question of title to the ground having been raised, he had no jurisdiction. He cautioned Phillip, however, from interfering with the crops, as he might have power over the ground as a Warden.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

APPLICATIONS.

Extended Claims.—Ah Lin and another, two acres on west bank of Nevis: granted.—John Munro and two others, three acres on Munro's terrace, Nevis: granted.—Ah Leong and five others, five acres a quarter of a mile below Nevis township: granted.—Theodore Landberg, one acre on Brown's flat. Objected to by Kennedy, because it included the ground taken up by his dam. It was shown that Kennedy had abandoned the dam for some time, though he stated that he re-occupied it before the present application of Landberg. His Worship said that even if the dam had been occupied all the time Landberg could take it up as a claim upon paying compensation for the actual value of the dam. The case was adjourned till the 9th, to give an opportunity of producing the right to the ground by Kennedy. Landberg said he was going to sluice the ground before Christmas, but his Worship said he must not do it unless he deposited the value claimed by Kennedy, to provide against the latter's claim being established.

Water Races.—John Werner, one sluice-head from the Parkburn. Objected to by F. J. Wilson, on behalf of J. Marsh. Mr Colclough stated that Werner had made this renewed application for the Parkburn water in consequence of the remark made by his Worship some time ago that the water did not run through Mr. Marsh's ground at all. He said Werner wanted to use the water for sluicing purposes, and would return the water to the creek again. He could also supply water to the Parkburn from another source, which should be sufficient for Marsh's purposes. Mr Wilson said as a matter of fact the water was actually diverted already, and not a drop was running in the creek. It would not do to allow the water to be legally granted, as Werner might then turn round at any time and ignore Marsh's or any other person's rights. The Warden said he would grant no right out of the creek, and refused the application. Marsh then complained of being brought to the Court so often over this application, and expressed his opinion that Mr Colclough was getting up some of these applications for a purpose. The Warden said he knew nothing of that. He did not possess the gift of reading Mr Colclough's mind; if he did, and that of others who came into the Court, he had no doubt he would see a great many strange sights.—William Anderson and another, one sluice-head from Rappoo gully. F. Wellings objected, and application was refused.—Andrew Wood and another, two sluice-heads from Adams' gully. Objections were made by Dagg and Co., Herbert and Co., and others. Mr Colclough appeared for Wood and Co. From the statements made in Court, it appeared that Herbert and Co., Anderson, Dagg and Co., and Wood and Co., all occupy claims on the terrace in Adams' gully, and that, taking the course of the gully as a guide, the claims are occupied in the same order as the names are given. Wood's application was to have the water granted to him as it left Herbert and Co.; and it appeared that, in fact, the matter had been so arranged till Dagg and Co. took up the claim between Herbert and Co. and Wood and Co. Herbert explained, in the course of the affair, that Wood had been working with his (Herbert's) race only on sufferance, and that now he wished to grant it to be made to him; therefore his objection. He had no objection to Dagg and Co. working with it, but he had to Wood and Co. Wood said they were all on sufferance together, and that no one of them had any particular right to the water. A very animated discussion then arose between the various parties interested in the case.—Dagg, Anderson, Herbert, Wood, &c., each having something to say on the matter. Mr Colclough (applicant's agent) argued that Judge Gray had established a precedent by granting a similar application in a similar case; but this line of argument was suddenly cut short by the Warden remarking that, if such were the case, the application had better be made in Judge Gray's Court. The Warden finally declined to grant the application. [It may be added that the water in dispute varies in quantity from one-quarter to one whole sluice-head.]

Alteration of Races.—Timothy Gorman and others were granted permission to alter their licensed water-race.—J. Barker and another were granted permission to alter their race at Hartley's gully.

Tail Race.—Ah Sin and another, 300 yards from claim in Nevis river: granted.

Dams were granted to Lars Peterson and another, between Smith's and Pipeclay gully; Thomas Shaw, in Duffer's gully; and to William Anderson, between Smith's and Rappoo gully.

Residence Area.—A residence area was granted to William Anderson at Doctor's flat.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The ordinary meeting of the Town Council was held on Thursday evening last, at which were present; The Mayor (Mr Dawkins), and Councillors Wright, Shanly, Pierce, Hayes, and Grant. The meeting opened at 8 p.m.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

PERMANENT LEVELS.

The plan of the permanent levels, and a report thereupon, were laid upon the table and considered. It was agreed to refer the plan to the surveyor, with instructions to make another copy of the plan upon a larger scale, and embodying the corrections and alterations suggested in the report. The alterations to be first marked upon the present plan.

TENDERS.

Tenders were received for contract No. 7,—the re-formation of Melmore-street from Sligo-street upwards; and also for laying the galvanized piping.

For the road there were two tenders,—W. Williams', £55; and R. E. Dagg's, £73 3s. W. Williams' tender was accepted.

There were two tenders received for laying the piping,—R. Brown's, £12 10s.; and R. E. Dagg's, £14.

Cr. Shanly proposed, and Cr. Wright seconded, that Mr Dagg's tender be accepted.

Cr. Grant proposed, and Cr. Pierce seconded, an amendment, that Mr Brown's tender be accepted. The amendment was carried.

BYE-LAWS.

The bye-laws were then brought up for consideration. With a few literal corrections, the proposed bye-laws were adopted.

On account of Cr. Jolly's absence, the notice of motion in re the map of the township was allowed to stand over till next meeting.

R. and S. Haworth's account for £61 was passed for payment.

The usual vote of thanks to the Mayor concluded the proceedings.

Naked Facts.

Most newspapers are esteemed to be acquainted with the art of hiding. How valuable such a power may sometimes be; this little narrative of misadventure, told by the *Jewish Chronicle*, may show. There were certain people, a married couple, going down from Jerusalem to the Jordan, and they fell among thieves.

"Travellers have to purchase the protection of the Bedouins of the Jordan against all enemies of their own or neighbouring tribes; and the agreement is to the effect that they shall be taken by the Sheik Rescid and a proper guard to the Dead Sea and the Jordan and back in safety to Jerusalem. Without such protection the journey is simply impossible, and our lady and gentleman, who had attempted the trip without the formality of a Bedouin guard, had been met and robbed of their baggage, their money, clothes, and valuables. The gentleman then begged of the Bedouin robbers a newspaper in which to clothe himself and his wife. The husband returned to Jerusalem in the journal, his wife being wrapped up in the supplement."

The *Chronicle* does not gratify our curiosity on one important point of this interesting account. What was the paper that acted as the good Samaritan? It could not be the pettysheets that serve foreign needs: there could hardly be the making of an apron in them. And we hope it was not the *Daily Telegraph*; it is so thin, it wouldn't bear stitching. It wouldn't fasten in well behind, and would give at the knees. But a stout substantial *Times*, though it might not "provoke our pride," could be made to furnish capital walking costumes, considering the climate; and we should not be surprised to hear that *toilettes de Times* were rather *ton* at Jerusalem.

An Ohio newspaper was sent for nine years to a subscriber who never paid a cent for it. The other day the paper was returned to the patient and long-suffering publisher, with the affecting pencil note on its margin, "Gone to a better world." The publisher is a pious man, but it is reported that he strongly doubts the accuracy of the pencil statement.

A Chicago paper gets off the following at the expense of New York society. It is the closing scene in a fashionable call made on a fashionable young lady:—"Finally, Miss Julia was induced to give a taste of her musical powers. And this is how she did it. Then Julia flirted up her panniers behind, coquettishly wiggle-wagged to the piano, and sang:—

'When ther-moo-hoon is mi-hild-ly be-heaving
O'er the ca-halm and si-hi-ent se-c-o-a,
Its ra-dyance so-so-ho-ly stree-hauning,
Oh! ther-hen, oh, ther hen

I thee-hink
Hof thee-hoo

I thee-hink
I thee-hink

I thee-be-hehehehe-hint bof theeeeeeee!

"Beautiful, Miss Julia! Beautiful!" and we all clapped our hands. "Do, please, sing another verse—it's perfectly divine, Miss Julia," said Eugene Augustus. Then Julia raised her golden (dyed) head, touched the white ivory with her jewelled fingers, and warbled:—

'When the sur-hum is brigh-hi-hightly glowing
O'er the se-hone so dei-hear to mee,
And swee-heet the wee-hom is blo-ho-howing,

I thee-hink
Hof thee-hoo

I thee-hink
I thee-hink

Ithee-he-he-heheheheh-bink hohohohohoho-
hoho h-o-f theeeeeeee!!!

Beautiful! Just too lovely!"

Sequel to a Newspaper Suggestion.

He came in with an interrogation point in one eye, and a stick in one hand. One eye was covered with a handkerchief, and one arm in a sling. His bearing was that of a man with a settled purpose in view.

"I want to see," said he, "the man that puts things into the paper."

We intimated that several of us earned a frugal livelihood in that way.

"Well, I want to see the man that erils things out of other papers. The fellow who writes mostly with staves, you understand."

We explained to him that there were sons when the most gifted among us, driven to frenzy by the scarcity of ideas and events, and by the clamorous demands of an insatiable public, in moments of emotional insanity, plunged the glittering shears into the exchanges. He went off calmly, but in a voice tremulous with suppressed feeling, and indistinct with the recent loss of half-a-dozen or so of his front teeth.

"Just so. I presume so. I don't know much about this business, but I want to see a man, the man that printed that little piece about pouring cold water down a drunken man's spine of his back and making him instantly sober. If you please, I want to see that man. I would like to talk with him."

Then he leaned his stick against our desk, and spit on his serviceable hand, and resumed his hold on the stick as though he was wearing it. After studying the stick a minute, he added in a somewhat louder tone—

"Mister, I came here to see that ere man. I want to see him bad."

We told him that particular man was not in.

"Just so. I presume so. They told me before I come that the man I wanted to see wouldn't be anywhere. I'll wait for him. I live up north, and I've walked seven miles to see that man. I guess I'll sit down and wait."

He then sat down by the door, and reflectively pounded the floor with his stick, but his feelings would not allow him to keep still.

"I suppose none of you didn't ever pour much cold water down any drunken man's back to make him instantly sober, perhaps."

None of us in the office had ever tried the experiment.

"Just so. I thought as like as not you had not. Well, mister, I have. I tried it yesterday, and I have come seven miles on foot to see the man that printed that piece. It wasn't much of a piece, I don't think; but I want to see the man that printed it just a few minutes. You see, John Smith, he lived next door to my house, when I'm to home, and he gets how-come-you-so every little period. Now, when he's sober he's all right if you keep out of his way; but when he's drunk he goes home and breaks dishes, and tips over the stove, and throws hardware round, and makes it inconvenient for his wife, and sometimes gets his gun, and goes out calling on his neighbours, and it ain't pleasant. Not that I want to say anything about Smith; but me and my wife don't think he ought to do so. He came home drunk lately, and broke all the kitchen windows out of his house, and followed his wife round with the carving-knife, talking about her liver, and after a while he lay down by my fence and went to sleep. I had been reading that little piece—it wasn't much of a piece—and I thought if I could pour some water down his spine, on his back, and make him sober, it would be more comfortable for his wife, and a square thing to do all round. So I poured a bucket of spring water down John Smith's spine of his back."

"Well," said we, as our visitor paused, "did it make him sober?"

Our visitor took a firmer hold of his stick, and replied with increased emotion—

"Just so. I suppose it did make him as sober as a judge in less time than you could say Jack Robinson; but, mister, it made him mad. It made him the maddest man I ever saw, and Mr John Smith is a bigger man than me, and stouter. He is a good deal stouter. Bla-bless him, I never knew he was so stont till yesterday, and he's handly with his fists, too. I should suppose he was the handiest man with his fists I ever saw."

"Then he went for you, did he?" we asked innocently.

"Just so. Exactly. I suppose he went for me about the best he knew; but I don't hold no grudge against John Smith—I suppose he ain't a good man to hold a grudge against; only I want to see the man that printed that piece. I want to see him bad. I feel as though it would soothe me to see that man. I want to show him how a drunken man acts when you pour water down the spine of his back. That's what I come for."

Our visitor, who had poured water down the spine of a man's back, remained until six o'clock in the evening, and then went up street to find the man who printed that little piece. The man he is looking for started for Alaska last evening for a summer vacation, and will not be back before September, 1874.

A German florist, in a high state of irritation, relates his troubles in this way. He said:—"I have so much trouble mit de ladies ven dey come to buy mine rose; dey wants him hairy, dey wants double, dey wants him fragrant, dey wants him nice colour, dey wants him aberry dings in one rose. I hope I am not vat you calls von unclean man, but I have sometimes to say to dat ladies, Madame, I never often see the ladies dat was beautiful, dat was rich, dat was good temper, dat was young, dat was clever, dat was perfection in one ladies. I see her much not!"

AUCTION SALE.

EAMES & STANBROOK

Have received positive instructions from Mr EDWARD McNULTY, who is leaving the Province, to sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 24th December 1873, at two o'clock p.m.,

That well-known public-house, the ROARING MEG HOTEL, situated on the main road to Queenstown. In connection with the hotel, is a large GARDEN well stocked with Fruit Trees. The hotel contains seven bedrooms, two parlours, dining room, bar, and kitchen. There is also a good FIVE-STALLED STABLE with Feed-house attached.

At the same time also will be sold the whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of double and single iron bedsteads, sofas, chests of drawers, chiffonier, stoves, crockery, and a quantity of kitchen utensils.

FIVE PADDocks UNDER CULTIVATION,—in all about twenty acres,—well and securely fenced, the whole of the crops at the present time presenting a most promising appearance.

Also, at same time and place, One Waggon and Harness Four Horses.

The auctioneers beg to draw attention to the above most desirable property, as, from its excellent position and capabilities, a most lucrative trade can be done at all times. To persons desirous of settling down permanently, this valuable opportunity should not be lost sight of.

Remember day of sale:

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1873.

EAMES & STANBROOK,

TAGO WASTE LANDS ACT, 1872.

SECTION 65, SUB-SECTION 1.

District of Dunstan.

Cromwell, Dec. 12, 1873.

To the District Land Officer at Clyde.

We hereby give notice that we intend to construct a water-race (with dam at its termination if required), for coal-mining purposes, commencing at a point on the Far-running Creek, about half a mile above its junction with the Lindis, and terminating at or near the Lindis River on our coal-lease.

The length of such race is one mile or thereabouts, and its intended course is east and west.

The mean depth and breadth of such race is two feet by one, and it is capable of carrying four sluice-heads of water.

(Signed) ALEXANDER MCLEAN,
For self and
ALEXANDER TOLMIE,
and
GEORGE MCLACHLAN.

Any person objecting to the issue of a license to the above-named applicants, must lodge his objection in writing at my office within fourteen clear days from the date hereof.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
District Officer.

The day fixed for deciding applications, if unopposed, is 8th January 1874.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION having been made by JOHN TOWAN and others for a special claim in the Kawaran Gorge, of four acres more or less, notification is hereby made that anyone desirous of objecting to same must do so in writing on or before the 9th January 1874, the day fixed for the hearing.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,
Dec. 12, 1873.
Warden.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited up till MONDAY, 29th December, for Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of a BRIDLE-TRACK from the Cardrona Township to McNulty's Hotel, via the Kirtleburn.

Tenders are to be addressed to Mr ALFRED AUSTIN, Chairman of the Cardrona Progress Committee, marked "Tenders for Sections 1, 2, 3, or 4," as the case may be, and accompanied with a deposit of 2½ per cent. on the amount of tender. On the acceptance of any tender, a further deposit of 2½ per cent. must be made for the due fulfilment of the contract.

A tracing of the track and specifications can be seen, and full information obtained, at the Post Office, Cardrona.

The route of the track is marked with flags and stone cairns.

Dunedin Advertisements

COLMAN BURKE,

O T A G O B R E W E R Y.

DEPOT:

PRINCES-STREET SOUTH, DUNEDIN.

BULK AND BOTTLED ALES.

BULK AND BOTTLED STOUT.



DUNEDIN IRON WORKS.

R. S. SPARROW & CO.,
Engineers, Boilermakers, and Iron-founders.
Manufacturers of
Casting, Pumping, and Winding Machinery
Tubular, Girder, and Suspension Bridges
Gold Dredges, on the Pneumatic and other
principles

Iron Fluming; Ripple and Hopper Plates

Boats and Punts to all sizes

Steam Engines & Boilers

Fire-proof Doors and Safes; Turbine and other
Water-wheels.

Plans and Specifications prepared.—Estimates
given for every description of Ironwork.
Experienced workmen sent to all parts of the
Colony.

Address:—CUMBERLAND-STREET,
DUNEDIN.

Established Twenty Years.

G E O R G E M A T T H E W S,

NURSERYMAN,
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,
MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,
Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand
Agricultural and Garden Seeds
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in
season
Garden Tools
Pruning Gloves
Flower Pots, &c. &c.

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING
AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,
COLLECTOR,
Advertising and General Commission
Agent.

STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

Directors:

J. L. BUTTERWORTH, ESQ.
JOHN CARGILL, ESQ.
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W. J. M. LARNACH, ESQ.
RICHARD OLIVER, ESQ.
EVAN PROSSER, ESQ.
GEORGE GRAY RUSSELL, ESQ.
KEITH RAMSAY, ESQ.
ROBERT WILSON, ESQ.

This Company is now prepared to undertake
Fire Insurance business in every branch at low-
est current rates.A. HILL JACK,
General Manager.

GEO. CLARK. Agent for Dunstan District.

FIRE INSURANCE.

M E S S R S G I L L I E S A N D S T R E E T,
Land and Estate Agents, Princes-street,
Dunedin, having been appointed agents for Otago
of the well-known and long-established Office,
THE NORWICH UNION FIRE IN-
SURANCE SOCIETY.
(Established, 1797; Re-organised, 1821.)

AGENT FOR CROMWELL,
DUNCAN MACKELLAR.
CLYDE—G. FACHE.

B R I T I S H H O T E L,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention
of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence
of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country
Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and
centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

M I L L S, D I C K, A N D C O.,
PAPER BAG
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,
STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,
20s etc., etc.

Lawrence

V I C T O R I A H O T E L,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS ... Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will
find every accommodation, and receive the best
attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected,
which considerably enlarges the accommodation
and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions
comprise a suit of Private Apartments,
commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and
cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one
of the largest and most comfortable country
hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected,
making now 13 stalls; together with four loose
boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

CROMWELL POST OFFICE.

MAILS CLOSE

For Quartzville, Carrickton, and Nevis, every
Sunday, at 9 p.m.For Clyde, Dunedin, and intervening offices,
Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.For Dunedin, via Teviot, Taupeka, and Toko-
mairiro, every Tuesday, at 3 p.m.For Kawarau Gorge, Edwards's, Gibbstion, Mor-
ven Ferry, Arrowtown, Frankton, and Queen-
town, every Sunday, Tuesday, and Thurs-
day, at 9 p.m.For Luggate, Bendigo, Alberton, Pembroke,
and Cardrona, every Tuesday, at 9 p.m.For money orders and registered letters, not
later than 2 p.m.

MAILS ARRIVE:

From Dunedin, Clyde, and intervening offices,
Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9 a.m.From Dunedin, via Tokomairiro, Taupeka, and
Teviot, every Friday, at 9 a.m.From Queenstown, Frankton, Arrowtown, Mor-
ven Ferry, Gibbstion, Edwards's, and Kawarau
Gorge, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 p.m.From Nevis, Carrickton, and Quartzville, every
Tuesday, at 3.30 p.m.From Cardrona, Alberton, Pembroke, Luggate,
and Bendigo, every Thursday, at 3 p.m.

Letters, newspapers, and packets will be re-
directed from one post-office to another on the
written instructions of the persons addressed,
but on re-direction are chargeable with a new
and distinct rate of postage, payable on delivery

Clyde

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS
VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial
Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a
small advance upon English prices.

Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce
that they are prepared to supply their
SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity.

Delivered free carriage within twenty
miles.

Orders left with

Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;

Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to

THEYERS AND BECK,
BREWERS,
ALEXANDRA.

Patent Medicine

Manhood and the Vigour of Youth Restored in
Four Weeks.

DR RICORD'S

E S S E N C E O F L I F E
restores Manhood to the most shattered
and debilitated constitution, from whatever
cause arising, in FOUR WEEKS. Failure is
impossible, if taken according to the printed
directions, which are very simple, and require
no restraint or hindrance from business.

This invaluable remedy affords relief, and
permanently cures all who suffer from wasting
and withering of the Nervous and Muscular
Tissues. Spermatorrhœa, and all Urinary depo-
sits, which cause incapacity and degeneracy,
total and partial prostration, and every other
exhaustive derangement of the system; re-
generating all the important elements of the
human frame, and enabling man to fulfil his
most sacred obligations.

In Cases at 12s; or Four Quantities in one, 36s.
If by Coach, 2s 6d extra.

To be had of Dr Ricord's agents for

New Zealand,

MESSRS L. BARCLAY & CO.,
Stafford-street, Dunedin,

(Next door to the Provincial Hotel);

And may be obtained in every Province, from
all chemists.

Parcels packed securely, and free from observa-
tion, sent to any part of New Zealand, on
receipt of post-office order or stamps.

NERVOUSNESS—DEBILITY—LOSS OF POWER—
SPERMATORRHœA—THE INDISCRETIONS OF
EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and
the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost
to arrest the progress of disease.

D R. L. L. S M I T H
has devoted himself for twenty years in
the colony to the practice of this branch of his
profession, while previously in England he was
the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated
Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner
who ever exclusively adopted this as the
sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public
that he is the only legally-qualified medical man
in this speciality of his profession; that others
advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore,
in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining
money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against
the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any
of these advertised nostrums escape with his life,
or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably
undermined by them, he may look upon himself
as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many
unfortunate broken-down young-men, utterly
crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and filled in
pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this
to the world.

Those men and women who have been the vic-
tims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek
that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's
control. When will the public understand that
it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified
medical man, who has made this his sole study,
rather than apply to a number of ignorant im-
postors, who merely harp and prey upon their
pockets and health?

Dr L. L. Smith has always stated that to warn
the public of these quacks is his chief reason
for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of
spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead,
lassitude, inaptitude for business, impotence,
drainage from the system, and the various effects
of errors of youth; and blood-poisoning from dis-
eases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith invites
sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesita-
tion in stating that no medical man, either here
or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-

Patent Medicines

tice and extraordinary experience which he has
had. Therefore, those who really desire to be
treated by one who is at the head of his profes-
sion in this branch of medical practice should
lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should
anyone marry without first consulting him.

Books published by the Doctor can be had on
application to him.

The new Consulting Rooms are at
182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence
of the Governor.)

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... L.1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so
packed as to avoid observation.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!

H O L L O W A Y ' S P I L L S.

Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dan-
gerous, than affections of the respiratory organs.
The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and
influenza may always be radically removed by
Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly re-
medy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve
any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried
breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office
with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their
purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all im-
purities, and fortify the system against consump-
tion, asthma, and similar complaints.

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are fre-
quently getting out of order, and require some
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's
Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity
and certainty. They do not distress the system,
or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate
the digestive organs. They gently excite the
stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to
perform their functions efficiently, and act upon
the bowels without griping or any other annoy-
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they
cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they
entirely prevent acidity, flatulence, nausea, and
biliousness.

Windy or Watery Dropsy.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints
should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills.
They act most energetically on the glandular
and absorbent system, purify the blood, and
impart a vigour which age or other causes may
have temporarily taken away. They excite the
kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimu-
late the absorbents to remove the fluid already
collected.

Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills
for correcting the ailments incidental to females.
They may be taken with safety for any irregu-
larity of the system, as they remove all cause of
maladies, and so restore, by their grand purify-
ing properties, females of all ages to robust
health.

Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first
departure from health! all may do so by taking
Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction.
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds,
coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the
earlier they are taken the better.

Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish
attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all dis-
eases of the skin, may be immediately checked,
and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which
may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses
of one, two, or three nightly, according to the
age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is
soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better
adapted than any other remedy for all external
ailments.

Indigestion, Bile, and Sick Headaches.

No organ in the human body is so liable to
disorder as the liver; and none is more apt, when
neglected, to become seriously diseased. When
nausea, flatulence, or acidity on the stomach,
warns us that digestion is not proceeding pro-
perly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function,
give strength to every organ, speedily remove
all causes of indigestion, bile, and sick headaches,
and effect a permanent cure.

Lumbago, Rheumatism, and Gout.

In these diseases, the blood is always in a
highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also
disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnatu-
rally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken
in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their
cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known
in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Indamnation
Asthma	Jaundice
Bilious Complaints	Liver Complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel Complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of the Bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Serofula, or King's Evil
Dehility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	